



MASSACHUSETTS

Actual Energy Inc. - Disclosure Label

Electric power suppliers are required by the Department of Public Utilities (DPU) to provide customers with a disclosure label. The label enables consumers to look at the energy sources, air emissions and information about the supplier's company in order to make a more informed choice of a power supplier. Consumers can compare energy labels to make the best choice based on their energy needs.

Generation Price	Average price per kWh at different levels of use. Prices do not include regulated charges for customer service and delivery.
Contract	Variable Price Contract on month-to-month terms.
Customer Service	(844) 822-8825 customercare@actualenergy.com

Power Source	Power Source	System Power
Generation by fuel type as a percentage of total generation is supplied by ISO – New England, regional power market. NEPOOL System Mix — 2023	Coal	0.18%
	Hydroelectric/Hydropower	9.52%
	Landfill gas	0.45%
	Methane	0.04%
	Natural Gas	54.87%
	Nuclear	22.91%
	Oil	0.32%
	Refuse	2.65%
	Solar	3.80%
	Steam	0.00%
	Wind	3.26%
	Wood	1.76%
	Other	0.24%
	Total	100.00%

Air Emissions	Emission Rate Category	CO ₂	NO _x	SO ₂
Calendar 2022 Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂), nitrogen oxides (NO _x), sulfur dioxide (SO ₂) emission rates from these sources, relative to the regional average is compared to emissions from a new unit as determined by the Mass Department of Environmental Protection.	New England (1)	536.43	0.309	0.122
	Imports (2)	183	0.26	0.23
	New Unit (3)	895	0.06	0.01
	Source: 1) EPA's Egrid data 2) DPU based on multiple regional data sources 3) Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Table 7 of the Footprint Major Comprehensive Air Quality Plan Approval			

Labor Information Source: NEPOOL-GIS Calendar 2023	Generating workforce	Output (MWh)	%
	With union labor	29,094,355	23.5%
	Without union labor	94,729,358	76.5%
	TOTAL	123,823,713	100%

LABEL DESCRIPTION

Generation Price and Contract: Generation Prices displayed are representative average prices for electricity at usage levels that are typical for residential customers. Contract items displayed present the length of your contract for generation service, and the price terms included in your contract. See your recent bills to determine average monthly use, and your Terms of Service for additional information.

Power Sources: The electricity you consume comes from the New England power grid, which receives power from a variety of power plants and transmits the power throughout the region as needed to meet the requirements of all customers in New England. When you choose a power supplier, that supplier is responsible for generating and/or purchasing power that is added to the power grid in an amount equivalent to your electricity use. Known Resources include resources that are owned by, or under contract to, the supplier. System Power represents power purchased in the regional electricity market. Biomass refers to power plants that are fueled by wood or other plant matter. Hydro resources of greater than 30 megawatts in size are deemed "large hydro." All other hydro resources are deemed "small hydro." Other Renewables include fuel cells utilizing renewable fuel sources, landfill gas, and ocean thermal.

Emissions: Emissions for each the following pollutants are presented as a percent of the regional average emission rate. Arrows represent, for each pollutant, the emission rate from a hypothetical new generation facility. Carbon Dioxide (CO2) is released when fossil fuels (e.g., coal, oil and natural gas) are burned. Carbon dioxide, a greenhouse gas, is a major contributor to global warming. Nitrogen Oxides (NOX) form when fossil fuels and biomass are burned at high temperatures. They contribute to acid rain and ground-level ozone (or smog), and may cause respiratory illness in children with frequent high-level exposure. NOX also contribute to oxygen deprivation of lakes and coastal waters which is destructive to fish and other animal life. Sulfur Dioxide (SO2) is formed when fuels containing sulfur are burned, primarily coal and oil. Major health effects associated with SO2 include asthma, respiratory illness and aggravation of existing cardiovascular disease. SO2 combines with water and oxygen in the atmosphere to form acid rain, which raises the acid level of lakes and streams, and accelerates the decay of buildings and monuments.

Labor Data: The information on this label regarding whether generators or suppliers operate under collective bargaining agreements is provided to inform you about whether the energy was produced in plants where employee wages and working conditions are mutually determined by employees and management, and protected by union contracts. The information on this label regarding the use of replacement employees during a labor dispute is provided to inform you of whether or not a generator or supplier during a strike by or lock-out of its employees has replaced them with other workers.